

Microorganisms associated with Adult and Pediatric Unit Central Line Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) data submitted to the NHSN by SC Hospitals from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 Data reported as of March 26, 2013. Number of organisms = 492; Number of CLABSI = 446. Percent does not equal 100% due to rounding.

<b>Microorganisms</b>	<b>Number Isolates</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<i>Enterococcus</i> species (includes VRE)	84	17.1
Vancomycin resistant <i>enterococcus</i> (VRE only - % of total isolates)	31	(6.3)
<i>Candida</i> species and other yeasts	70	14.2
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (includes MRSA)	68	13.8
Methicillin resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA) only - % of total positive isolates)	34	(6.9)
Coagulase negative <i>Staphylococcus</i> species	71	14.4
<i>Klebsiella</i> species	50	10.2
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	26	5.3
<i>Enterobacter</i> species	23	4.3
<i>Streptococcus</i> species	20	4.1
<i>Pseudomonas</i> species	19	3.9
<i>Bacteroides</i> species and other anaerobes	13	2.6
<i>Serratia</i> species	12	2.4
<i>Acinetobacter</i> species	10	2.0
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	7	1.4
<i>Proteus</i> species	4	0.8
<i>Citrobacter</i> species	4	0.8
Other pathogens	6	1.2
Other common commensals	5	1.0

Microorganisms associated with Neonatal Intensive Care Unit Central Line- Associated and Umbilical Catheter-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) data submitted to the NHSN by SC Hospitals from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 Data reported as of March 26, 2013. Number of organisms = 51; Number of CLABSI = 48. Percent does not equal 100% due to rounding.

<b>Microorganisms</b>	<b>Number Isolates</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (includes MRSA)	15	29.4
Methicillin resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA) only - % of total positive isolates)	4	(7.8)
Coagulase negative <i>Staphylococcus</i> species	14	27.4
<i>Pseudomonas</i> species	5	9.8
<i>Candida</i> species and other yeasts	4	7.8
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	3	5.9
<i>Klebsiella</i> species	3	5.9
<i>Enterococcus</i> species (includes VRE)	3	5.9
Vancomycin resistant <i>enterococcus</i> (VRE only - % of total isolates)	0	(0)
<i>Streptococcus</i> species	1	2.0
<i>Acinetobacter</i> species	1	2.0
<i>Flavobacterium</i> species	1	2.0
<i>Serratia</i> species	1	2.0

Microorganisms associated with Long Term Acute Care Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) data submitted to the NHSN by SC Hospitals from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012 Data reported as of March 26, 2013. Number of organisms = 54; Number of CLABSI = 48. Percent does not equal 100% due to rounding.

<b>Microorganisms</b>	<b>Number Isolates</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<i>Enterococcus</i> species (includes VRE)	17	31.5
Vancomycin resistant <i>enterococcus</i> (VRE only - % of total isolates)	6	(11.1)
Coagulase negative <i>Staphylococcus</i> species	9	16.7
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (includes MRSA)	5	9.3
Methicillin resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> (MRSA) only - % of total positive isolates)	1	(1.8)
<i>Enterobacter</i> species	5	9.3
<i>Klebsiella</i> species	4	7.4
<i>Serratia</i> species	4	7.4
<i>Candida</i> species and other yeasts	3	5.6
<i>Bacteroides</i> species and other anaerobes	2	3.7
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	1	1.8
<i>Streptococcus</i> species	1	1.8
<i>Stenotrophomonas maltophilia</i>	1	1.8
<i>Citrobacter</i> species	1	1.8
<i>Bacillus</i> species	1	1.8